Characterization of the living cell conceptions and aspects of macro-micro thinking of Junior-High school graduates in Israel

Moriah Sharon-Ariely

Advisor: Anat Yarden

The cell is the smallest structural and functional unit of all living organisms. Understanding some of the cells' functions is considered essential for understanding the functioning of multicellular organisms. However, the cell topic was reported as difficult for students to comprehend, and many of them do not develop a coherent understanding of the cell as 'the basic unit of life'. A decade has passed since the change in the Israeli Science and Technology curriculum for grades 7-9 with regard to the cell topic. One of the changes in the new curriculum was the recommendation to teach the cell topic 'longitudinally' in conjugation with other study contents. This recommendation provides an opportunity to form meaningful relationships between biological phenomena at the macro-level and their cellular explanations. This kind of explanations can help students acquire a coherent understanding in biology. In my research I focused on a characterization of the living cell conceptions of junior-high school graduates, who studied the cell topic 'longitudinally' according to the new Science and Technology curriculum. In addition, aspects of students' macro-micro thinking and the type of relations they make along various organizational levels in biology were also characterized. Even though a decade had passed since the change in the Science and Technology curriculum for grades 7-9, many gaps were identified in students' knowledge about the cell topic, and also a variety of misconceptions were found among the students' population with regard to the cell topic. Moreover, it was found that students are aware that the cell is the basic building block of all organisms, but are lacking the understanding of the cell as a functional unit in multicellular organisms. The research findings regarding the macro-micro thinking of students show that they answer questions about biological phenomena at the organizational level in which the question was asked, and tend to explain their answer mainly at the macro level. In addition, I found that the connections and the relations that students are making between levels of organization are mostly constructive, and only a minority form functional relations. These findings strengthen previous reports that students see the cell as a constructive unit of organisms, but not as a functional unit.

Recent graduates